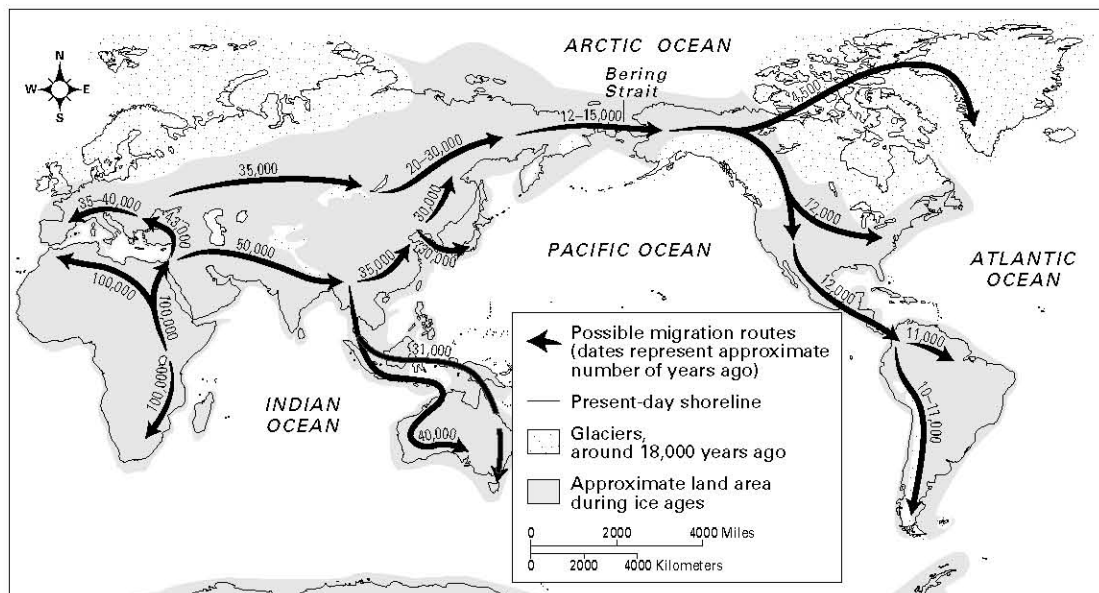


Migration of Early Humans

Early humans began to migrate around 100,000 years ago. People moved from east Africa to southern Africa and southwestern Asia. From there, they moved south into Australia and north into Europe. The physical geography of high mountains and cold temperatures delayed migration into northern Asia. Eventually, people from Europe and southern Asia moved into that region, as well as North America and South America. By 9,000 BC, humans lived on all continents of the world except Antarctica.



MAP ACTIVITY

1. Label the seven continents on the map.
2. Use an orange pencil or marker to highlight the continents of Africa and Australia.
3. Use a blue pencil or marker to highlight the possible migration route between Africa and North America.
4. Update the map legend to reflect the colors that you added to the map.

ANALYZING MAPS

1. Place On which continents did glaciers appear?

2. Movement Approximately how many miles did early humans travel between the Bering Strait and the southern tip of South America?

3. Location Approximately how many miles does the Indian Ocean stretch from the southernmost point of Africa to the southernmost point of Australia?

4. Human-Environment Interaction What kinds of things do you think people did to adapt to new continents?
